

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 30

February Session, 2006

LCO No. 647

00647____KID

Referred to Committee on Select Committee on Children

Introduced by: (KID)

AN ACT CONCERNING MEDIATION AND APPEALS IN TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS PROCEEDINGS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) (a) The Chief Court 2 Administrator shall establish a formal mediation services program for 3 parties to a termination of parental rights proceeding brought 4 pursuant to section 17a-112 of the general statutes. Such mediation 5 services shall be designed to provide an opportunity for all parties to 6 be heard and to arrive at a resolution acceptable to the parties. Any 7 matter that is not resolved through the mediation services program 8 may be referred to the Probate Court or Superior Court for further 9 proceedings in accordance with section 17a-112 of the general statutes, 10 as amended by this act, and part II of chapter 803 of the general 11 statutes.
 - (b) The Chief Court Administrator and the judges of the Superior Court shall establish a panel of mediators in each judicial and probate district the members of which shall be available to provide mediation services in the district. Each panel shall consist of both commissioners of the superior court and retired judges. Each member of the panel

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- shall receive the sum of _____ dollars for each day the member is engaged as a mediator pursuant to this section.
- (c) The Chief Court Administrator shall establish a formal training program for commissioners of the superior court who serve as mediators on such panels. Such training shall not be required for retired judges who serve as mediators on such panels but such training shall be made available to any retired judge who so requests.
- (d) All oral or written communications made by any party to the mediator or made between the parties in the presence of the mediator while participating in the mediation program established pursuant to this section are privileged and inadmissible as evidence in any court proceedings unless the parties otherwise agree.
- Sec. 2. Section 45a-716 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 31 (a) (1) Upon receipt of a petition for termination of parental rights, 32 the Court of Probate, or the Superior Court on a case transferred to it 33 from the Court of Probate in accordance with the provisions of 34 subsection (g) of section 45a-715, shall set a time and place for hearing 35 the petition. The time for hearing shall be not more than thirty days 36 after the filing of the petition, except, in the case of a petition for 37 termination of parental rights based on consent that is filed on or after 38 October 1, 2004, the time for hearing shall be not more than twenty 39 days after the filing of such petition.
- 40 (2) Not later than days before the initial hearing on the merits of 41 a petition for termination of parental rights, the Court of Probate or the 42 Superior Court, as the case may be, shall refer the petition to the 43 mediation services program established in section 1 of this act unless 44 all parties consent to termination of parental rights or such mediation 45 is objected to by any parent or child who is a named party. Such 46 mediation shall conclude not later than days after it commences 47 unless otherwise agreed by the parties. After such referral and

mediation, if any, the court may accept any mediated agreement or may consider the petition in accordance with this part.

(b) The court shall cause notice of the hearing to be given to the following persons, as applicable: (1) The parent or parents of the minor child, including any parent who has been removed as guardian on or after October 1, 1973, under section 45a-606; (2) the father of any minor child born out of wedlock, provided at the time of the filing of the petition (A) he has been adjudicated the father of such child by a court of competent jurisdiction, (B) he has acknowledged in writing that he is the father of such child, (C) he has contributed regularly to the support of such child, (D) his name appears on the birth certificate, (E) he has filed a claim for paternity as provided under section 46b-172a, or (F) he has been named in the petition as the father of the child by the mother; (3) the guardian or any other person whom the court shall deem appropriate; and (4) the Commissioner of Children and Families. If the recipient of the notice is a person described in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection or is any other person whose parental rights are sought to be terminated in the petition, the notice shall contain a statement that the respondent has the right to be represented by counsel and that if the respondent is unable to pay for counsel, counsel will be appointed for the respondent. The reasonable compensation for such counsel shall be established by, and paid from funds appropriated to, the Judicial Department, however, in the case of a Probate Court matter, if funds have not been included in the budget of the Judicial Department for such purposes, such compensation shall be established by the Probate Court Administrator and paid from the Probate Court Administration Fund.

(c) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, notice of the hearing and a copy of the petition, certified by the petitioner, the petitioner's agent or attorney, or the clerk of the court, shall be served at least ten days before the date of the hearing by personal service or service at the person's usual place of abode on the persons enumerated in subsection (b) of this section who are within the state, and by

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- (d) In any proceeding pending in the Court of Probate, in lieu of personal service on a parent or the father of a child born out of wedlock who is either a petitioner or who signs under penalty of false statement a written waiver of personal service on a form provided by the Probate Court Administrator, the court may order notice to be given by certified mail, return receipt requested, deliverable to addressee only, at least ten days before the date of the hearing. If such delivery cannot reasonably be effected, or if the whereabouts of the parents is unknown, notice shall be ordered to be given by publication as provided in subsection (c) of this section.
- Sec. 3. Section 46b-142 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
 - (a) The Chief Court Administrator, in consultation with the judges of the Superior Court, shall establish districts for the purpose of establishing venue in juvenile matters. All petitions concerning delinquent children shall be heard within the district where the delinquency is alleged to have occurred or where the child resides, in the discretion of the court. All other petitions shall be heard within the district where the child or youth resided at the time of the filing of the petition, but for the purposes of this section any child or youth born in

- any hospital or institution where the mother is confined at the time of birth shall be deemed to have residence in the district wherein such child's or youth's mother was living at the time of her admission to such hospital or institution.
 - (b) The Department of Children and Families, or any party at interest aggrieved by any final judgment or order of the court, may appeal to the Appellate Court in accordance with the provisions of section 52-263. The clerk in charge of such juvenile matters shall forthwith, after notice of any appeal, prepare and file with the clerk of the Appellate Court the certified copy of the record of the case from which such appeal has been taken. The name of the child or youth involved in any such appeal shall not appear on the record of the appeal, and the records and papers of any juvenile case filed in the Appellate Court shall be open for inspection only to persons having a proper interest [therein] in the records and papers and upon order of the court.
 - (c) Pending such appeal, the Superior Court may cause the child or youth to be detained in some suitable place as the court may direct, or may release the child or youth in the care of a parent, probation officer or other suitable person, and may require the appellant to enter into a bond or recognizance to the state, with surety or security conditioned that the child or youth shall appear before the Appellate Court and abide by the order and judgment.
 - (d) Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section, the Department of Children and Families, or any party to the action aggrieved by a final judgment in a termination of parental rights proceeding, shall be entitled to an expedited [hearing before the Appellate Court. A final decision of the Appellate Court shall be issued as soon as practicable after the date on which the certified copy of the record of the case is filed with the clerk of the Appellate Court.] appeal in accordance with this section. Any appeal from a final judgment in a termination of parental rights proceeding shall be

145 privileged with respect to its assignment for hearing. With respect to 146 such appeals, the Chief Court Administrator shall establish and 147 administer an expedited process in each case so that a final decision is 148 rendered not later than six months after the date the appeal is filed. At 149 a minimum, the expedited process shall provide that: (1) Preparation 150 of the certified copy of the record shall be privileged with respect to 151 other cases that do not concern termination of parental rights; (2) an 152 extension of time for filing briefs shall not be granted unless the court 153 documents a compelling reason for such extension; (3) the appeal shall 154 be considered submitted for immediate decision, unless oral argument 155 is requested or ordered, after the earlier of (A) the date briefs are filed 156 by all named parties, or (B) any deadline or extension thereof for filing 157 such briefs has passed; and (4) oral argument, if any, shall occur not 158 later than thirty days after the briefs are filed or such deadline or 159 extension has passed, whichever occurs first.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2006	New section
Sec. 2	October 1, 2006	45a-716
Sec. 3	October 1, 2006	46b-142

Statement of Purpose:

To (1) establish a mediation program to resolve termination of parental rights matters prior to a court proceeding on the merits, and (2) amend the procedures for appealing final judgments in termination of parental rights proceedings in order to expedite such appeals.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]